

Planning, Development, & Transportation Department Planning Division 305 Chestnut Street PO Box 1810 Wilmington, NC 28402-1810

910 254-0900 910 341-3264 fax wilmingtonnc.gov Dial 711 TTY/Voice



#### TRANSMITTAL LETTER

TO: Zoning Enforcement Inspector

DATE: June 12, 2020

SUBJECT: Saxon Place Project # 2019102

LOCATION: 3525 Lancelot Lane

The following items are being sent to you via this package.

QUAN. DWG./NO. DESCRIPTION

1 Dated 6/12/20 Saxon Place Approved Construction Plans

1 Dated 4/13/20 Approved Tree Preservation Permit

1 Dated TBD City Comprehensive Stormwater Management Permit No.

2014012R1

1 Dated 4/15/20 NHC Erosion Control # GP 6-14 Rev 1

1 Dated 3/26/20 US Army Corps Wetland Jurisdictional Determination No. SAW-

2019-02223

REMARKS: The **Saxon Place** project, located at 3525 Lancelot Lane, is hereby conditionally released for construction. The following conditions must be satisfied as part of this release:

- A. A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING MUST BE HELD BETWEEN THE SITE CONTRACTOR AND CITY STAFF PRIOR TO ANY SITE WORK, TREE REMOVAL, CLEARING, OR GRADING BEGINNING ON THE SITE. FAILURE TO COMPLY WILL RESULT IN IMMEDIATE CIVIL PENALTIES. CONTACT 910-254-0900.
- B. ANY TREES, INCLUDING THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE AREA, AND/OR AREA DESIGNATED TO BE SAVED MUST BE PROPERLY BARRICADED OR MARKED WITH FENCING AND PROTECTED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION TO INSURE THAT NO CLEARING AND GRADING WILL OCCUR IN THOSE AREAS.
- C. NO EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED ON THE SITE AND NO CONSTRUCTION OF ANY BUILDING, STRUCTURE, WALL, UTILITIES, INFRASTRUCTURE, ETC., OF ANY KIND, INCLUDING FOOTINGS AND BUILDING SLABS, WILL BE PERMITTED UNTIL:
  - 1. ALL TREE PROTECTION FENCING AND SILT FENCING HAS BEEN INSTALLED
  - 2. BETH WETHERILL HAS FORMALLY ISSUED THE GRADING PERMIT AND AUTHORIZED THE ACTIVITY
  - 3. THE CFPUA HAS AUTHORIZED THE WATER AND SEWER ACTIVITIES. THE CONTRACTOR MUST HAVE A PRECON WITH CFPUA 332-6560.
  - 4. THE CITY ZONING INSPECTOR AUTHORIZES THE ACTIVITY.

- D. A MAP SHOWING ALL REQUIRED EASEMENTS AND RIGHT(S)-OF-WAY MUST BE REVIEWED BY CITY STAFF AND RECORDED AT THE REGISTER OF DEEDS PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A FINAL ZONING APPROVAL.
- E. THIS PROJECT WILL REQUIRE THE DEDICATION OF PUBLIC ACCESS EASEMENT(S).
- F. PROPER DEDICATION OF PUBLIC EASEMENTS REQUIRES AN EASEMENT MAP (OR LEGAL DESCRIPTION) <u>AND</u> A DEED OF EASEMENT. THE EASEMENT MAP OR LEGAL DESCRIPTION IS PREPARED BY A LICENSED SURVEYOR. THE DEED OF EASEMENT IS PREPARED BY THE CITY ATTORNEY'S OFFICE (CAO). A TITLE POLICY FOR THE PROPERTY IS NECESSARY IN ORDER TO PREPARE THE DOCUMENT. RECORDATION OF BOTH THE EASEMENT MAP AND THE DEED OF EASEMENT WILL BE REQUIRED PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY.
- G. THIS DEVELOPMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL LOCAL, CITY TECHNICAL STANDARDS, REGIONAL, STATE AND FEDERAL DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS. ALL APPLICABLE TRC REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE FINAL ZONING APPROVAL.
- H. PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE STORMWATER PERMIT, THE FOLLOWING SHALL OCCUR PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY OR OPERATION OF THE PERMITTED FACILITY:
  - AS-BUILT DRAWINGS FOR ALL STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY OF WILMINGTON ENGINEERING DIVISION.
  - AN ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION SHALL ALSO BE SUBMITTED, ALONG WITH ALL SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION THAT SPECIFIES, UNDER SEAL THAT THE AS-BUILT STORMWATER MEASURES, CONTROLS AND DEVICES ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPROVED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS.
  - A FINAL INSPECTION IS REQUIRED BY CITY OF WILMINGTON ENGINEERING PERSONNEL (910) 341-5856.
- I. PRIOR TO A FINAL INSPECTION, A WALKTHROUGH WITH CITY INSPECTIONS SHALL TAKE PLACE TO VERIFY COMPLETENESS OF SITE WORK IN ROW. ANY MATERIAL TEST REPORTS AND STORMWATER VIDEOS AS REQUIRED SHALL BE SUBMITTED PRIOR TO AND APPROVED BY CITY ENGINEERING. PLEASE CONTACT THE CITY ENGINEERING DIVISION AT 910.341.0094.
- J. CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A RADIO SIGNAL STRENGTH STUDY FOR ALL COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS THAT DEMONSTRATES THAT EXISTING EMERGENCY RESPONDER RADIO SIGNAL LEVELS MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 510 OF THE 2018 NC FIRE CODE.
- K. THIS PROJECT IS PROPOSING LESS THAN 500 LINEAR FEET OF RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS. PER CHAPTER V OF THE CITY FEE SCHEDULE, THE PROJECT WILL REQUIRE ENGINEERING INSPECTION FEES IN THE AMOUNT OF \$250.00. THIS FEE MUST BE PAID PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF PLAT RECORDATION OF CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY. PLEASE CONTACT CITY ENGINEERING AT 910.341.0094 FOR PAYMENT OPTIONS.

- L. THE DEVELOPER ASSUMES ALL RISKS AND PENALTIES WITH ANY DELAY OR STOP WORK ORDER ASSOCIATED WITH THE VIOLATION OF THIS RELEASE. THE DEVELOPER ACKNOWLEDGES THE CONDITIONS OF THIS RELEASE AND ASSUMES ALL RESPONSIBILITIES AND RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH IT. THE CITY OF WILMINGTON WILL NOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR ANY COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE CONSTRUCTION RELEASE.
- M. APPROVAL OF A MAJOR OR MINOR SITE PLAN SHALL EXPIRE AFTER EIGHTEEN (18) MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF SUCH APPROVAL IF THE APPLICANT HAS FAILED TO MAKE SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS ON THE SITE. THE TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE MAY GRANT A SINGLE, SIX-MONTH EXTENSION OF THIS TIME LIMIT FOR MAJOR AND MINOR SITE PLANS, FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, UPON RECEIVING A REQUEST FROM THE APPLICANT BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE APPROVED PLAN. IN THE EVENT APPROVAL OF A SITE PLAN HAS EXPIRED, FOR WHATEVER REASONS, THE OWNER AND/OR APPLICANT WILL BE REQUIRED TO RESUBMIT FOR APPROVAL OF A SITE PLAN THAT MEETS CURRENT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THIS CHAPTER.
- N. IF THE CONDITIONS LISTED ABOVE ARE VIOLATED, A STOP WORK ORDER WILL BE ISSUED.

Please notify New Hanover County Building Inspections of this release.

Signature: _	Jeff Walter	
2.3	Jeff Walton, Associate Planner	•

Copy: Phil Norris, PE Applicant (e-mail only)
Bret Russell Construction Manager

Bret Russell Construction Manager Rob Gordon engineering (email only)

Jim Quinn

Aaron Reese

Rich Christensen

Eric Seidel

Trent Butler

Stormwater Specialist (email only)

Urban Forestry (email only)

Engineering (email only)

Engineering (email only)

Chris Elrod Wilmington Fire Department (e-mail only)
Chris Walker Wilmington Fire Department (e-mail only)

Brian Blackmon Surveyor (e-mail only)

Jim Sahlie

Bill McDow

Traffic Engineering (e-mail only)

Mitesh Baxi

Traffic Engineering (e-mail only)

Traffic Engineering (e-mail only)

Traffic Engineering (e-mail only)

CFPUA (e-mail letter only)

Beth Easley Wetherill NHC Erosion Control (e-mail only)

Michelle Hutchinson GIS Engineer (e-mail only)

Amy Beatty Community Services (e-mail only)
Ryan O'Reilly Community Services (e-mail only)

Joan Mancuso
Catherine Meyer
Debra Hornbuckle
City Zoning (email only)
City Zoning (email only)
City Zoning (email only)

Shawn Evans City Attorney's Office (email only)
Courtney Salgado City Attorney's Office (email only)



Planning, Development, & Transportation Department Planning Division 305 Chestnut Street PO Box 1810 Wilmington, NC 28402-1810

910 254-0900 910 341-3264 fax wilmingtonnc.gov



June 12, 2020

Phil Norris, PE Norris & Tunstall Consulting Engineers, PC 1429 Ash-Little River Road Ash. NC 28420

RE: Saxon Place project, located at 3525 Lancelot Lane

Please make note of the conditions for the release as they appear on the attached release letter. These conditions must be followed and met in order for the construction to be approved. *Prior to beginning any construction or grading on the site, you must have a pre-construction meeting between City staff and the project's representatives. Any violation of this condition will result in an immediate stop work order and other civil penalties. Please contact our zoning office at 254-0900 to schedule the preconstruction meeting.* 

All construction on the site must be in accordance with the City of Wilmington standards and the approved construction plans stamped by the City. All trees and areas designated to be saved or protected must be properly barricaded and/or marked throughout construction. In addition please be aware that to obtain a final zoning inspection for this construction project, the appropriate departments within the City of Wilmington must perform and approve final inspections.

To arrange for inspections please contact the assigned Zoning Enforcement Officer, at 254-0900. Staff will coordinate the inspections and provide a punch-list to the Developer within 5 working days. Upon correction of the punch-list items, a final inspection will be performed. **NOTE: Zoning will not issue final approval until all requirements of the City of Wilmington are fulfilled.** 

Please also be advised that any party aggrieved by the issuance of this approval may file a notice of appeal to the City Clerk within 30 days of receipt of active or constructive notice of this decision. It shall be presumed that all persons with standing to appeal have constructive notice of the decision from the date a sign containing the words "Zoning Decision" or "Subdivision Decision" in letters at least six inches high and identifying the means to contact an official for information about the decision is prominently posted on the property that is the subject of the decision, provided the sign remains on the property for at least 10 days. Posting of signs is not the only form of constructive notice. Any such posting shall be the responsibility of the landowner or applicant. Verification of the posting shall be provided to the official who made the decision. Absent an ordinance provision to the contrary, posting of signs shall not be required.

The City thanks you for your investment in our community and we look forward to working with you towards the construction of a quality development project.

Sincerely,

Jeff Walton Associate Planner

halte



5-10 acres

Greater than 10 acres



Development Services
Planning Division
305 Chestnut Street
PO Box 1810 Wilmington, NC 28402-1810

910 254-0900 910 341-3264 fax www.wilmingtonnc.gov Dial 711 TTY/Voice

APPROVED: DEN	IED:	PERMIT #:
	Application for Tro	ee Removal Permit
Chris	Buffalino, Manager	ree Removal Permit Phone: 910-795-8674 Date: 03-26-202
Name of Property Owner:	Saxon Place, LLC	Phone: 910-795-8674
Property Owner Address:	439 Whitebridge Roa	ad Hampstead, NC 28443
7		ot Lane Wilmington, NC
Description of tree(s) to be re	moved/reason for removal	al: (provide attachment if necessary) - See. AHach
		_ 6 Tree Table
		7
		8
		9.
		10.
	10	ngton Ordinance and approved landscape plan.
Applicant Sig	nature:	Mate: 3-25-2020
********	*******FOR OFFICIA	AL USE ONLY*****************
Reviewed	By: Jeff Wal	Date: 4/13/2020
Remarks:		
		TH THE CITY LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, AND TREE PRESERVATION.
NEW CONSTRUCTION	N: EXPANSION:_	OTHER: PAID:
<u>v.                                    </u>	Tree Preservation	ion Permit Fees
	an 1 acre	\$25.00
1-5 acr	PS	\$50.00

\$100.00

\$150.00

# Saxon Place

#### TREE REMOVAL TABLE

# EXISTING TREES TO REMAIN 6-12" PINE 2-14" PINE 1-16" PINE 1-24" PINE 5-3" OAK 1-5" CAK 1-5" CAK 1-20" OAK 1-10" GUM 1-12" GUM 1-12" GUM 1-3" MAPLE 1-6" MAPLE 1-6" MAPLE 1-4" CYPRESS 1-6" CYPRUS 1-8" WILLOW 1-8" WILLOW 3-4" BIRCH REMOVED TREES

- REMOVED TREES

  1 16" PINE

  5 4" BIRCH

  1 6" BIRCH

  4 3" BIRCH

  1 2" BIRCH

# NORRIS & TUNSTALL CONSULTING ENGINEERS P.C.

1429 Ash-Little River Road

Ash, NC 28420

(910) 287-5900

(910) 287-5902 Fax

J. Phillip Norris, P.E.

Thomas J. Scheetz, E.I.

2602 Iron Gate Drive, Suite 102 Wilmington, NC 28412 (910) 343-9653 (910) 343-9604 Fax

John S. Tunstall, P.E. T. Jason Clark, P.E.

March 26, 2020

Mr. Jeff Walton, Associate Planner City of Wilmington Development Services P.O. Box 1810 Wilmington, NC 28402-1810

Re:

City of Wilmington Tree Preservation / Removal Permit

Saxon Place

3525 Lancelot Lane

Wilmington, NC

N&T Project No. 19004

Dear Mr. Walton:

Enclosed are the plans, the original City of Wilmington Application for Tree Preservation / Removal Permit and a \$50.00 check (to be mailed) for the processing fee.

Per the March 18, 2020 City e-mail from Brian Chambers, this package will be submitted by PDF only. Please feel free to contact us with any questions or comments you may have. Thank you for your assistance on this project.

Sincerely,

NORRIS & TUNSTALL

CONSULTING ENGINEERS, P.C.

T. Jason Clark, P. E.

TJC/asn

19004 03-26-20-cow-tree-ltr

**Enclosures** 

NCBELS License C-3641



#### **NEW HANOVER COUNTY**

#### **ENGINEERING**

230 Government Center Drive, Suite 160, Wilmington, NC 28403 P: (910) 798-7139 | F: (910) 798-7051 | NHCgov.com

Jim Iannucci, PE, CFM, County Engineer

April 15, 2020

Saxon Place, LLC 439 Whitebridge Road, Hampstead, North Carolina 28443

RE: Grading Permit #6-14, Revision #1, Saxon Place Expansion

Dear Mr. Chris Buffalino,

This office has reviewed the subject erosion and sedimentation control plan. We find the plan to be acceptable with performance reservations and modifications. <u>Please read the permit conditions</u> <u>carefully and return the signed blue original to our office and keep the copy for your records.</u>

As of April 1, 2019, all new construction activities are required to complete and submit an electronic Notice of Intent (NOI) form requesting a Certificate of Coverage (COC) under the NCG010000 Construction Stormwater General Permit. This form MUST be submitted prior to the commencement of any land disturbing activity on the above named project, according to State Stormwater requirements. The NOI form may be accessed at deq.nc.gov/NCG01. Please direct questions about the NOI form to Annette Lucas at <a href="mailto:Annette.lucas@ncdenr.gov">Annette.lucas@ncdenr.gov</a> or Paul Clark at <a href="mailto:Paul.clark@ncddenr.gov">Paul.clark@ncddenr.gov</a>. After you submit a complete and correct NOI Form, a COC will be emailed to you within three business days. Initially, DEMLR will not charge a fee for coverage under the NCG01 permit. However, on or after May 1, 2019, a \$100 fee will be charged annually. This fee is to be sent to the DEMLR Stormwater Central Office staff in Raleigh.

A copy of the enclosed land disturbing permit, a copy of the approved erosion and sedimentation control plan as well as any approved deviations, the NCGO1 permit, a copy of the Certificate of Compliance (COC), records of inspections made during the previous 30 days and a rain gauge must be posted at the job site.

A preconstruction meeting is optional prior to any land disturbing activity on this project. Please contact me at (910) 798-7139 if you would like to schedule this meeting in our office. If you choose not to have the preconstruction meeting, you need to contact us with the date land disturbing activity will take place onsite and again once the initial erosion control measures are installed.

The land disturbing fee of **\$930** is due to be submitted to New Hanover County, to my attention, prior to issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Completion.

New Hanover County's Erosion and Sedimentation Control Program is performance- oriented, requiring protection of existing natural resources and adjoining properties. If, following the commencement of the project, it is determined that the plan is inadequate to meet the requirements of the New Hanover County's Erosion and Sedimentation Control Ordinance, this office may require revisions to the plan and its implementation of the revisions to insure compliance with the ordinance.

This land disturbing permit will expire within 1 year following the date of approval, if no land disturbing activity has been undertaken. If no activity takes place within one year after work has begun onsite, the permit will expire. Please contact this office to reactivate a permit that has expired.

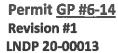
Acceptance and approval of this erosion control plan is conditioned on your compliance with Federal and State water quality laws, regulations and rules. This permit will not preclude any other permits or approvals necessary for beginning or completing this development. It is the owner's responsibility to have all the approvals and permits that are required prior to beginning construction.

Please note this approval is based in part on the accuracy of the information provided in the Financially Responsibility Form, which you provided. You are requested to file an amended form if there is any change in the information included on the form.

Your cooperation is appreciated,

Beth Easley Wetherill
NHC Soil Erosion Specialist

cc: Jeff Walton Associate Planner, City of Wilmington
Phillip Norris PE, Norris & Tunstall Consulting Engineers, PC





#### **Permit for a Land Disturbing Activity**

New Hanover County
Department of Engineering
230 Government Center Drive - Suite 160
Wilmington, North Carolina 28403
(910) 798-7139

#### As authorized by the New Hanover County Erosion and Sedimentation Control Ordinance

This permit issued to authorizes the development of 3.1 acres of land at 3525 Lancelot Lane for Saxon Place Expansion in New Hanover County with performance reservations and modifications. This permit issued on April 15, 2020 is subject to compliance with the application and site drawings, all applicable regulations and special conditions and notes set forth below. Any plan modifications must be approved by this office prior to field changes.

It is understood by the applicant that a representative of New Hanover County's Engineering Department may inspect the site at any time following the issuance of this Permit. A copy of this permit, the approved Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan as well as any approved deviations, a copy of DEMLR's NCG01 Certificate of Compliance, records of inspections made during the previous 30 days and a rain gauge must be posted at the job site at all times.

Failure to execute the provisions of this permit and the approved Soil Erosion Plan, or any other provisions of the New Hanover County Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Ordinance, may result in immediate legal action by the County to the limits prescribed by the Ordinance. If the measures outlined on the approved Soil Erosion Control Plan and this Permit prove insufficient, additional Erosion Control measures can and will be required, which in turn will be considered provisions of this Permit. Additional plan submittals and approvals may be required. Acceptance and approval of this erosion control plan is conditioned on the applicant's compliance with Federal and State laws, regulations and rules. This Permit does not preclude any other permits or approvals necessary for beginning or completing this development. It is the Permittee's responsibility to obtain all necessary permits and approvals that are required prior to beginning construction.

This approval is based in part on the accuracy of the information provided on the Financially Responsibility Form, which you provided. You are required to file an amended form if there is any change in the information that was provided.

#### **SPECIAL CONDITIONS**

#### (THESE CONDITIONS MUST BE FOLLOWED IN ADDITION TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS)

\*All the soil erosion control measures will be installed as the site is cleared and maintained throughout construction. These include 3 construction entrance, a barricade at the eastern most driveway, silt fences, inlet and outlet protection, immediate installation of sod on the 2.5:1 slope on the east side for the lot adjacent to Darlington Avenue, installation of the infiltration system and immediate construction and stabilization of expanded pond with a 2.5 in Faircloth Skimmer with a 2.2 inch orifice, concrete washouts and all NCG01 regulations. Ensure energy dissipater dimensions are as per plan. Tree approvals are required by the City of Wilmington and New Hanover County prior to any activity onsite.

This permit does not preclude any permits or approvals which may be necessary. These include but are not limited to, City

This permit does not preclude any permits or approvals which may be necessary. These include but are not limited to, City of Wilmington or New Hanover County Stormwater, Planning or Zoning, State or County C.A.M.A., DEMLR Water Quality, Water Resources or Solid Waste, the US Army Corps. of Engineers or any other agencies.

The approval of an erosion control plan is conditioned on the applicant's compliance with Federal and State Water Quality laws, regulations and rules.

- \*All City and/or County and State drainage and stormwater requirements will be adhered to.
- \*Silt fence stakes must be steel and will be placed six feet apart without wire reinforcement and extra strength silt fence or eight feet apart with wire reinforcement. Silt fence is not allowed as inlet protection.
- \*If any phase of grading ceases for more than 15 working days, the site will be temporarily stabilized.

- \*All slopes must be stabilized within 21 calendar days of any phase of activity.
- \*No sediment shall leave the site.
- \*If these measures fail to adequately control erosion, more restrictive measures will be required.
- \*If plan revisions are necessary you must submit a copy to this office for approval prior to any field changes.
- \*Any borrow material brought onto this site must be from a legally operated mine or other approved source including a separate construction site with an active land disturbing permit. Borrow from any other location would require this permit to be revised to include the area where the borrow was generated as part of this site. Any soil waste that leaves this site can be transported to a permitted mine or separate construction site with an active land disturbing permit without additional permits. Disposal at any other location would require the disposal site to be included in this permit and would require submittal and approval of revised plans. You must notify this office of the location where soil is taken from or transported too prior to the activity.
- \*Note the required rates for seed, lime, fertilizer and mulch in your seeding specifications.
- \*Pre-construction meetings are optional. Contact Beth E. Wetherill at (910) 798-7139 to set up a meeting prior to land disturbing activity onsite. If you do not choose to have a preconstruction meeting prior to starting work on site, you should contact us when activity begins and again when the initial measures have been installed.
- \* This land disturbing permit requires inspections and record keeping to be performed by the landowner, the financially responsible party or their agent, during and after each phase of the plan has been completed and after establishment of temporary ground cover. Records shall be maintained onsite until permanent ground cover has been established to provide sufficient root structure to restrain erosion. These phases include: installation of perimeter erosion and sediment control measures; clearing and grubbing of existing ground cover; completion of any phase of grading on slopes or fills that requires provisions of temporary or permanent ground cover; completion of storm drainage facilities; completion of construction or development; and quarterly until the establishment of permanent ground cover sufficient to restrain erosion. Or, until the financially responsible party has conveyed ownership or control of the tract of land for which the erosion and sedimentation control plan has been approved and the agency that approved the plan has been notified. If the financially responsible party has conveyed ownership of control of the tract of land for which the erosion and sedimentation control plan has been approved, the new owner's or person in control shall conduct and document inspections quarterly until the establishment of permanent ground cover sufficient to restrain erosion. The person who performs the inspections shall maintain and make available a record of the inspection at the site of the land disturbing activity until permanent ground cover has been established. The records will document: the installation of the erosion and sedimentation control measures, practices and devices as set forth by the approved plan or if the measures, practices and devices are modified after initial installation; the completion of any phase of grading for all graded slopes and fills shown on the approved plan, specifically noting the location and condition of the graded slopes and fills; the location of temporary or permanent ground cover, and that the installation of the ground cover does not significantly deviate from the approved plan; that maintenance and repair requirements for all temporary and permanent erosion and sedimentation control measures, practices an devices have been performed and that they don't significantly deviate from the approved plan; any significant deviation from the approved erosion control plans and identify measures that may be required to correct the deviation and document the completion of the corrective actions; it includes contact information for the person conducting the inspection and the date of the inspection. These requirements are in addition to inspections required by GS 113A 61.1.
- \* As of April 1, 2019, all new construction activities are required to complete and submit an electronic Notice of Intent (NOI) form requesting a Certificate of Coverage (COC) under the NCG010000 Construction Stormwater General Permit unless this project has applied for an Individual Construction Stormwater Permit. The NOI form must be submitted prior to the commencement of any land disturbing activity on the above named project, according to State Stormwater requirements. The NOI form may be accessed at deq.nc.gov/NCG01. Please direct questions about the NOI form to Annette Lucas at Annette.lucas@ncdenr.gov or Paul Clark at Paul.clark@ncdenr.gov. After you submit a complete and correct NOI Form, a COC

(Continued) - Page Three

Permit <u>GP #6-14</u> Revision #1 LNDP 20-00013

will be emailed to you within three business days. Initially, DEMLR will not charge a fee for coverage under the NCG01 permit. However, on or after May 1, 2019, a \$100 fee will be charged annually. This fee is to be sent to the DEMLR Stormwater Central Office staff in Raleigh.

\*Additional self-inspections, record keeping and reporting is required by the Construction Stormwater General Permit - NCG01 per State Stormwater. It requires inspections and record keeping at least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event of 1.0 inch or more, in 24 hours. Rain inspections reset the required 7 calendar day inspection requirement. Records of inspection made during the previous 30 days must be kept onsite. Other reports are to be made available for 3 years. Reporting is required to the States Stormwater Divisions Regional Office for sediment deposits in streams or wetlands, oil spills, release of hazardous substances, anticipated bypasses, unanticipated bypasses and noncompliance with conditions of the permit that may endanger health or the environment. There are specific time frames for reporting and submittal of reports to the Divisions Regional Office. NCG01 includes 7 and 14 calendar day ground stabilization and materials handling requirements. Materials are to be kept in leak proof containers, under storm resistant cover or have secondary control structures. They are to be stored 50 feet away from storm drains, surface waters and wetlands. They include flocculants, equipment and vehicle maintenance, litter, building materials and land clearing waste, paint and other liquids, portable toilets, earthen stockpile management, concrete washouts, herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides, and hazardous and toxic waste. Contact the Department of Energy, Mineral and Land Resources Stormwater Division at deq.nc.gov/NCG01 or the Wilmington Regional Office at 910) 798-7215 for additional information.

This Permit will expire <u>one year</u> from date of issue if no construction activity begins on site. This permit may not be amended or transferred to another party	Acknowledgment of Receipt of Permit			
without approval of this office.	Owner			
Beth Easley Wetheral	By (please print)			
Beth E. Wetherill, C.P.E.S.C. Soil Erosion Specialist/New Hanover County	Dy (piease print)			
	Signature			

#### U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

WILMINGTON DISTRICT

Action Id. SAW-2019-02223 County: New Hanover U.S.G.S. Quad: NC- Wilmington

#### NOTIFICATION OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Requestor: DBNC Holdings Inc. Agent: Land Management Group, Inc.

<u>Chris Buffalino</u> <u>Paul Farley</u>

439 Whitebridge Road 3805 Wrightsville Ave

Hampstead, NC 28443 Suite 15

Wilmington, NC 28403

Size (acres)4.47Nearest TownWilmingtonNearest WaterwayBurnt Mill CreekRiver BasinCape Fear

USGS HUC <u>03030007</u> Coordinates Latitude: <u>34.238131</u>

Longitude: <u>-77.900856</u>

Location description: <u>Property is located northeast of the intersection of Darlington Avenue and Lancelot Lane adjacent to the</u>

Avalon Apartment Complex in Wilmington, New Hanover County, North Carolina

#### **Indicate Which of the Following Apply:**

#### A. Preliminary Determination

There appear to be <b>waters, including wetlands</b> on the above described project area/property, that may be subject to Section 404
of the Clean Water Act (CWA)(33 USC § 1344) and/or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) (33 USC § 403). The waters, including wetlands have been delineated, and the delineation has been verified by the Corps to be sufficiently accurate
and reliable. The approximate boundaries of these waters are shown on the enclosed delineation map dated <b>DATE</b> . Therefore this preliminary jurisdiction determination may be used in the permit evaluation process, including determining compensatory mitigation. For purposes of computation of impacts, compensatory mitigation requirements, and other resource protection measures, a permit decision made on the basis of a preliminary JD will treat all waters and wetlands that would be affected in any way by the permitted activity on the site as if they are jurisdictional waters of the U.S. This preliminary determination is not an appealable action under the Regulatory Program Administrative Appeal Process (Reference 33 CFR Part 331). However, you may request an approved JD, which is an appealable action, by contacting the Corps district for further instruction.
There appear to be <b>waters, including wetlands</b> on the above described project area/property, that may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA)(33 USC § 1344) and/or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) (33 USC § 403). However, since the <b>waters, including wetlands</b> have not been properly delineated, this preliminary jurisdiction determination may not be used in the permit evaluation process. Without a verified wetland delineation, this preliminary determination is merely an effective presumption of CWA/RHA jurisdiction over all of the <b>waters, including wetlands</b> at the project area, which is not sufficiently accurate and reliable to support an enforceable permit decision. We recommend that you have the <b>waters, including wetlands</b> on your project area/property delineated. As the Corps may not be able to accomplish this wetland delineation in a timely manner, you may wish to obtain a consultant to conduct a delineation that can be verified by the Corps.

#### **B.** Approved Determination

There are Navigable Waters of the United States within the above described project area/property subject to the permit
requirements of Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) (33 USC § 403) and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act
(CWA)(33 USC § 1344). Unless there is a change in law or our published regulations, this determination may be relied upon for
a period not to exceed five years from the date of this notification.

- There are waters, including wetlands on the above described project area/property subject to the permit requirements of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) (33 USC § 1344). Unless there is a change in the law or our published regulations, this determination may be relied upon for a period not to exceed five years from the date of this notification.
  - We recommend you have the **waters**, **including wetlands** on your project area/property delineated. As the Corps may not be able to accomplish this wetland delineation in a timely manner, you may wish to obtain a consultant to conduct a delineation that can be verified by the Corps.
  - $\square$  The waters, including wetlands on your project area/property have been delineated and the delineation has been verified by the Corps. The approximate boundaries of these waters are shown on the enclosed delineation map dated 3/24/2020. This map

SA	W-2019-0222 <u>3</u>
	will provide an accurate depiction of all areas subject to CWA jurisdiction on your property which, provided there is no change in the law or our published regulations, may be relied upon for a period not to exceed five years.
	☐ The waters, including wetlands have been delineated and surveyed and are accurately depicted on the plat signed by the
	Corps Regulatory Official identified below on <u>DATE</u> . Unless there is a change in the law or our published regulations, this determination may be relied upon for a period not to exceed five years from the date of this notification.
	There are no waters of the U.S., to include wetlands, present on the above described project area/property which are subject to the permit requirements of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 USC 1344). Unless there is a change in the law or our published regulations, this determination may be relied upon for a period not to exceed five years from the date of this notification.
$\boxtimes$	The property is located in one of the 20 Coastal Counties subject to regulation under the Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA).

Placement of dredged or fill material within waters of the US, including wetlands, without a Department of the Army permit may constitute a violation of Section 301 of the Clean Water Act (33 USC § 1311). Placement of dredged or fill material, construction or placement of structures, or work within navigable waters of the United States without a Department of the Army permit may constitute a violation of Sections 9 and/or 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act (33 USC § 401 and/or 403). If you have any questions regarding this determination and/or the Corps regulatory program, please contact <a href="Rachel-Capito@usace.army.mil">Rachel-A.Capito@usace.army.mil</a>.

# C. Basis For Determination: <u>See the approved jurisdictional determination</u> form dated 03/26/2020.

D. Remarks: None.

requirements.

#### E. Attention USDA Program Participants

This delineation/determination has been conducted to identify the limits of Corps' Clean Water Act jurisdiction for the particular site identified in this request. The delineation/determination may not be valid for the wetland conservation provisions of the Food Security Act of 1985. If you or your tenant are USDA Program participants, or anticipate participation in USDA programs, you should request a certified wetland determination from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service, prior to starting work.

## F. Appeals Information (This information applies only to approved jurisdictional determinations as indicated in B. above)

This correspondence constitutes an approved jurisdictional determination for the above described site. If you object to this determination, you may request an administrative appeal under Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331. Enclosed you will find a Notification of Appeal Process (NAP) fact sheet and request for appeal (RFA) form. If you request to appeal this determination you must submit a completed RFA form to the following address:

US Army Corps of Engineers South Atlantic Division Attn: Phillip Shannin, Review Officer 60 Forsyth Street SW, Room 10M15 Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8801

In order for an RFA to be accepted by the Corps, the Corps must determine that it is complete, that it meets the criteria for appeal under 33 CFR part 331.5, and that it has been received by the Division Office within 60 days of the date of the NAP. Should you decide to submit an RFA form, it must be received at the above address by <u>05/25/2020</u>.

\*\*It is not necessary to submit an RFA form to the Division Office if you do not object to the determination in this correspondence. \*\*

CAPITO.RACHEL.AN Digitally signed by CAPITO.RACHELANN.1536276790

N.1536276790

Date: 2020.03.26 10.31:21-0400'

Corps Regulatory Official: N.1536276790

Date of JD: 03/26/2020 Expiration Date of JD: 03/25/2025

NOTIFICATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL OPTIONS AND PROCESS AND REQUEST FOR APPEAL						
Applicant: DBNC Holdings Inc., Chris Buffalino	Applicant: DBNC Holdings Inc., Chris Buffalino File Number: SAW-2019-02223 Date: 03/26/2020					
Attached is:		See Section below				
INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or	A					
PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Letter of	В					
PERMIT DENIAL	С					
APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION	D					
PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINA	Е					

SECTION I - The following identifies your rights and options regarding an administrative appeal of the above decision. Additional information may be found at or <a href="http://www.usace.army.mil/Missions/CivilWorks/RegulatoryProgramandPermits.aspx">http://www.usace.army.mil/Missions/CivilWorks/RegulatoryProgramandPermits.aspx</a> or the Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331.

#### A: INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT: You may accept or object to the permit.

- ACCEPT: If you received a Standard Permit, you may sign the permit document and return it to the district engineer for final authorization. If you received a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may accept the LOP and your work is authorized. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- OBJECT: If you object to the permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may request that the permit be modified accordingly. You must complete Section II of this form and return the form to the district engineer. Your objections must be received by the district engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice, or you will forfeit your right to appeal the permit in the future. Upon receipt of your letter, the district engineer will evaluate your objections and may: (a) modify the permit to address all of your concerns, (b) modify the permit to address some of your objections, or (c) not modify the permit having determined that the permit should be issued as previously written. After evaluating your objections, the district engineer will send you a proffered permit for your reconsideration, as indicated in Section B below.

#### B: PROFFERED PERMIT: You may accept or appeal the permit

- ACCEPT: If you received a Standard Permit, you may sign the permit document and return it to the district engineer for final
  authorization. If you received a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may accept the LOP and your work is authorized. Your
  signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all
  rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the
  permit.
- APPEAL: If you choose to decline the proffered permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may appeal the declined permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- **C: PERMIT DENIAL:** You may appeal the denial of a permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- **D: APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:** You may accept or appeal the approved JD or provide new information.
- ACCEPT: You do not need to notify the Corps to accept an approved JD. Failure to notify the Corps within 60 days of the date of this notice, means that you accept the approved JD in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the approved JD.
- APPEAL: If you disagree with the approved JD, you may appeal the approved JD under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the district engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.

E: PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: You do not need to respond to the Corps regarding the oreliminary JD. The Preliminary JD is not appealable. If you wish, you may request an approved JD (which may be appealed), by contacting the Corps district for further instruction. Also you may provide new information for further consideration by the Corps to reevaluate the JD.				
SECTION II - REQUEST FOR APPEAL or OBJECTIONS	TO AN INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT			
REASONS FOR APPEAL OR OBJECTIONS: (Describe your reasons for appealing the decision or your objections to an initial proffered permit in clear concise statements. You may attach additional information to this form to clarify where your reasons or objections are addressed in the administrative record.)				
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: The appeal is limited to a review of the administrative record, the Corps memorandum for the record of the appeal conference or meeting, and any supplemental information that the review officer has determined is needed to clarify the administrative record. Neither the appellant nor the Corps may add new information or analyses to the record. However, you may provide additional information to clarify the location of information that is already in the administrative record.				
POINT OF CONTACT FOR QUESTIONS OR INFORMATION	TION:			
If you have questions regarding this decision and/or the appeal process you may contact:  District Engineer, Wilmington Regulatory Division Attn: Rachel Capito Wilmington Regulatory Office U.S Army Corps of Engineers 69 Darlington Avenue Wilmington, North Carolina 28403	If you only have questions regarding the appeal process you may also contact:  Mr. Phillip Shannin, Administrative Appeal Review Officer CESAD-PDO  U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, South Atlantic Division 60 Forsyth Street, Room 10M15  Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8801  Phone: (404) 562-5137			
RIGHT OF ENTRY: Your signature below grants the right	of entry to Corps of Engineers personnel, and any government			

For appeals on Initial Proffered Permits send this form to:

Signature of appellant or agent.

District Engineer, Wilmington Regulatory Division, Attn: Rachel Capito, 69 Darlington Avenue, Wilmington, North Carolina 28403

consultants, to conduct investigations of the project site during the course of the appeal process. You will be provided a 15 day

Date:

Telephone number:

For Permit denials, Proffered Permits and Approved Jurisdictional Determinations send this form to:

notice of any site investigation, and will have the opportunity to participate in all site investigations.

Division Engineer, Commander, U.S. Army Engineer Division, South Atlantic, Attn: Mr. Phillip Shannin, Administrative Appeal Officer, CESAD-PDO, 60 Forsyth Street, Room 10M15, Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8801 Phone: (404) 562-5137

### APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in Section IV of the JD Form Instructional Guidebook.

#### SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

#### A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD): 03/26/2020

B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: Wilmington District, Lancelot Lane, SAW-2019-02223

Avenue and Center  Name Name Name  Ch	ECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Property is located northeast of the intersection of Darlington d Lancelot Lane adjacent to the Avalon Apartment Complex in Wilmington, New Hanover County, North Carolina State: NC County/parish/borough: New Hanover City: Wilmington coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat. 34.238131, Long77.900856  Universal Transverse Mercator: of nearest waterbody: Burnt Mill Creek of nearest waterbody: Burnt Mill Creek of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) into which the aquatic resource flows: of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): 03030007  eck if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request.  eck if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different D form:
D. REVI	EW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):
_	fice (Desk) Determination. Date:
⊠Fie	eld Determination. Date(s): 3/6/2020
SECTION	II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
	SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.
There are n area. [Requ	o "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review ired]
$\square$ Wa	aters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	aters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. Explain:
B. CWA	SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.
There are "	waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area. [Required]
a.	Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area (check all that apply):  TNWs, including territorial seas  Wetlands adjacent to TNWs  Relatively permanent waters <sup>2</sup> (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs  Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs  Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs  Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs  Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs  Impoundments of jurisdictional waters  Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands  Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area:  Non-wetland waters: 608 linear feet, 2-3 wide, and/or acres.
c	Wetlands: 0.4 acres.  Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction based on: 1987 Delineation Manual
v.	Elevation of established OHWM (if known):
2 No	on-regulated waters/wetlands (check if applicable): <sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

☐Potentially jurisdictional	waters and/or	wetlands wer	e assessed	within the re	view area	and dete	ermined to	be not	jurisdictional
Explain:									

#### **SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS**

#### A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over TNWs and wetlands adjacent to TNWs. If the aquatic resource is a TNW, complete Section III.A.1 and Section III.D.1. only; if the aquatic resource is a wetland adjacent to a TNW, complete Sections III.A.1 and 2 and Section III.D.1.; otherwise, see Section III.B below.

#### 1. TNW

Identify TNW:

Summarize rationale supporting determination:

#### 2. Wetlandadjacent to TNW

Summarize rationale supporting conclusion that wetland is "adjacent":

#### B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):

This section summarizes information regarding characteristics of the tributary and its adjacent wetlands, if any, and it helps determine whether or not the standards for jurisdiction established under *Rapanos* have been met.

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over non-navigable tributaries of TNWs where the tributaries are "relatively permanent waters" (RPWs), i.e. tributaries that typically flow year-round or have continuous flow at least seasonally (e.g., typically 3 months). A wetland that directly abuts an RPW is also jurisdictional. If the aquatic resource is not a TNW, but has year-round (perennial) flow, skip to Section III.D.2. If the aquatic resource is a wetland directly abutting a tributary with perennial flow, skip to Section III.D.4.

A wetland that is adjacent to but that does not directly abut an RPW requires a significant nexus evaluation. Corps districts and EPA regions will include in the record any available information that documents the existence of a significant nexus between a relatively permanent tributary that is not perennial (and its adjacent wetlands if any) and a traditional navigable water, even though a significant nexus finding is not required as a matter of law.

If the waterbody is not an RPW, or a wetland directly abutting an RPW, a JD will require additional data to determine if the waterbody has a significant nexus with a TNW. If the tributary has adjacent wetlands, the significant nexus evaluation must consider the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands. This significant nexus evaluation that combines, for analytical purposes, the tributary and all of its adjacent wetlands is used whether the review area identified in the JD request is the tributary, or its adjacent wetlands, or both. If the JD covers a tributary with adjacent wetlands, complete Section III.B.1 for the tributary, Section III.B.2 for any onsite wetlands, and Section III.B.3 for all wetlands adjacent to that tributary, both onsite and offsite. The determination whether a significant nexus exists is determined in Section III.C below.

#### 1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW

#### (i) General Area Conditions:

Watershed size: **79.47square miles** Drainage area: **0.11 square miles** Average annual rainfall: 58 inches Average annual snowfall: 1 inches

#### (ii) Physical Characteristics:

(a) Relationship with TNW:

☐ Tributary flows directly into TNW.

☐ Tributary flows through 3 tributaries before entering TNW.

Project waters are 2-5 river miles from TNW.

Project waters are 1 (or less) river miles from RPW.

Project waters are 2-5 aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Project waters are 1 (or less) aerial (straight) miles from RPW.

Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

	Identify flow route to TNW <sup>5</sup> : Unnamed Trib 1- Unnamed Trib 2- Burnt Mill Creek- Smith Creek Tributary stream order, if known:					
(b)	General Tributary Characteristics (check all that apply):					
,	Tributary is: Natural					
	⊠Artificial (man-made). Explain:					
	☐ Manipulated (man-altered). Explain:					
	Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate):  Average width: 2-3 feet  Average depth: 3-4 feet  Average side slopes: 2:1.					
	Primary tributary substrate composition (check all that apply):					
	⊠Silts ⊠Sands □Concrete					
	□Cobbles □Gravel □Muck					
	☐ Bedrock ☐ Vegetation. Type/% cover:					
	□Other. Explain:					
	Tributarycondition/stability [e.g., highly eroding, sloughing banks]. Explain: Stable Presence of run/riffle/pool complexes. Explain: Tributary geometry: Relatively straight Tributary gradient (approximate average slope): 0-1 %					
(c)	Flow: Tributary provides for: Seasonal flow Estimate average number of flow events in review area/year: 11-20 Describe flow regime: Flow from nearby impervious surface and stormwater feature enter wetland via channels Wetland outflows into ditch feature which leads to another offsite feature Other information on duration and volume:					
	Surface flow is: Discrete. Characteristics:					
	Subsurface flow: Unknown. Explain findings:  Dye (or other) test performed:					
	Tributary has (check all that apply):					
	☐ Bed and banks					
	⊠OHWM <sup>6</sup> (check all indicators that apply):					
	$\boxtimes$ clear, natural line impressed on the bank $\square$ the presence of litter and debris					
	☐ changes in the character of soil ☐ destruction of terrestrial vegetation					
	☐ shelving ☐ the presence of wrack line					
	$\boxtimes$ vegetation matted down, bent, or absent $\square$ sediment sorting					
	☐ leaf litter disturbed or washed away ☐ scour					
	sediment deposition multiple observed or predicted flow events					
	☐ water staining ☐ abrupt change in plant community					
	other (list):					
	☐ Discontinuous OHWM. 7 Explain:					
	If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction (check all that apply):  High Tide Line indicated by:  Oil or scum line along shore objects  Survey to available datum;					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW. <sup>6</sup>A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break. <sup>7</sup>Ibid.

			☐ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)	□physical markings;			
			physical markings/characteristics	□vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.			
			☐tidal gauges				
			□other (list):				
	(iii)		nical Characteristics:				
				l, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.)			
			plain: Clear ify specific pollutants, if known:				
	(iv)	Biolo	gical Characteristics. Channel supports (check all	I that apply):			
		□Ri	parian corridor. Characteristics (type, average width)	):			
		$\square$ W	etland fringe. Characteristics:				
		⊠Ha	abitat for:				
		[	Federally Listed species. Explain findings:				
		[	☐ Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings:				
		[	Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain	findings:			
			Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings: Chan	-			
2.	Cha	ıracter	ristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow	directly or indirectly into TNW			
	(i)		ical Characteristics:				
	(1)		General Wetland Characteristics:				
			Properties:				
			Wetland size: acres Wetland type. Explain:				
			Wetland quality. Explain:				
		I	Project wetlands cross or serve as state boundaries. Ex	xplain:			
			General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW:				
		I	Flow is: Choose an item. Explain:				
		S	Surface flow is: Choose an item. Characteristics:				
		S	Subsurface flow: Choose an item Explain findings:				
			☐ Dye (or other) test performed:				
		(c) <u>V</u>	Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW:				
		[	☐ Directly abutting				
		[	☐ Not directly abutting				
			☐ Discrete wetland hydrologic connection. Expl	ain:			
			☐ Ecological connection. Explain:				
			☐ Separated by berm/barrier. Explain:				
		(d) <u>I</u>	Proximity (Relationship) to TNW				
			Project wetlands are Choose an item. river miles from				
			Project waters are Choose an item. aerial (straight) me Flow is from: Choose an item	niles from TNW.			
			Estimate approximate location of wetland as within the	ne Choose an item. floodplain.			
	(ii)	Chemical Characteristics:					
				wn, oil film on surface; water quality; general watershed			
			rracteristics; etc.). Explain: ify specific pollutants, if known:				
	(iii)	Biolo	gical Characteristics. Wetland supports (check al	l that apply):			
	()		parian buffer. Characteristics (type, average width):	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
			egetation type/percent cover. Explain:				

	☐ Habitat for:		
	Federally Listed species. Explain findings:		
	☐Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings:		
	Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings:		
	Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings:		
3.	All wetland(s) being considered in the cumulative analysis: Choose an item.  Approximately acres in total are being considered in the cumulative analysis.  For each wetland, specify the following:		
	<u>Directly abuts? (Y/N)</u> <u>Size (in acres)</u> <u>Directly abuts? (Y/N)</u> <u>Size (in a</u>	cres)	

Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed:

#### SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Draw connections between the features documented and the effects on the TNW, as identified in the Rapanos Guidance and discussed in the Instructional Guidebook. Factors to consider include, for example:

- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to carry pollutants or flood waters to TNWs, or to reduce the amount of pollutants or flood waters reaching a TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), provide habitat and lifecycle support functions for fish and other species, such as feeding, nesting, spawning, or rearing young for species that are present in the TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to transfer nutrients and organic carbon that support downstream food webs?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have other relationships to the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the TNW?

Note: the above list of considerations is not inclusive and other functions observed or known to occur should be documented below:

- Significant nexus findings for non-RPW that has no adjacent wetlands and flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary itself, then go to Section III.D:
- Significant nexus findings for non-RPW and its adjacent wetlands, where the non-RPW flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:
- Significant nexus findings for wetlands adjacent to an RPW but that do not directly abut the RPW. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:

D.	DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE (CHECK ALL
	THAT APPLY):

DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):		
1.	TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands. Check all that apply and provide size estimates in review area:  TNWs: linear feet, wide, Or acres.  Wetlands adjacent to TNWs: acres.	

2.	RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.
	☐ Tributaries of TNWs where tributaries typically flow year-round are jurisdictional. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial:
	☑ Tributaries of TNW where tributaries have continuous flow "seasonally" (e.g., typically three months each year) are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.B. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows seasonally: Based on field notes, topographic maps, LiDAR data and multiple site visits it was determined the RPW was seasonal
	Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):  ⊠ Tributary waters: 608 linear 3-4 feet wide.
	☐ Other non-wetland waters: acres.  Identify type(s) of waters:
3.	Non-RPWs <sup>8</sup> that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.
	☐ Waterbody that is not a TNW or an RPW, but flows directly or indirectly into a TNW, and it has a significant nexus with a TNW is jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
	Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters within the review area (check all that apply):  Tributary waters: linear feet, wide.
	Other non-wetland waters: acres.  Identify type(s) of waters:
4.	Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.  ☐ Wetlands directly abut RPW and thus are jurisdictional as adjacent wetlands.
	Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow year-round. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW:
	⊠Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow "seasonally." Provide data indicating that tributary is seasonal in Section III.B and rationale in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: Wetland is contiguous with RPW
	Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
5.	Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.
	☐ Wetlands that do not directly abut an RPW, but when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisidictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
	Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
6.	Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.
	☐ Wetlands adjacent to such waters, and have when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
	Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
7.	Impoundments of jurisdictional waters. <sup>9</sup> As a general rule, the impoundment of a jurisdictional tributary remains jurisdictional.
	Demonstrate that impoundment was created from "waters of the U.S.," or
	Demonstrate that water meets the criteria for one of the categories presented above (1-6), or
	Demonstrate that water is isolated with a nexus to commerce (see E below).

 $<sup>^8</sup> See$  Footnote # 3.  $^9 To$  complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.

E.	ISOLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS, INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, DEGRADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING ANY SUCH WATERS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): 10
	□ which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
	☐ from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
	which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	☐ Interstate isolated waters. Explain:
	Other factors. Explain:
	Identify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination:
	Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):
	☐ Tributary waters: linear feet, wide.
	Other non-wetland waters: acres.
	Identify type(s) of waters:
	☐ Wetlands: acres.
F.	NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):
	☐ If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements.
	Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce.
	□ Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR).
	☐ Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction. Explain:
	Other: (explain, if not covered above):
	Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the <u>sole</u> potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR factors (i.e., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional judgment (check all that apply):
	□Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams):linear feet, wide.
	□ Lakes/ponds: acres.
	Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource:
	☐ Wetlands: acres.
	Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction (check all that apply):
	□ Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams):linear feet, wide.
	☐ Lakes/ponds: acres.
	Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource:
	☐ Wetlands: acres.
SEC	CTION IV: DATA SOURCES.
A.	SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (check all that apply - checked items shall be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appropriately reference sources below):
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant:
	☐ Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant.
	Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report.
	Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report.
	☐ Data sheets prepared by the Corps:
	Corps navigable waters' study:
	☐ U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.

	☐USGS NHD data.
	☐USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps.
$\boxtimes$	U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name: 1:400; USGS Wilmington Topographic Quad
$\boxtimes$	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation: USDA Soil Survey New Hanover County
	National wetlands inventory map(s). Cite name:
	State/Local wetland inventory map(s):
	FEMA/FIRM maps:
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (National Geodectic Vertical Datum of 1929)
$\boxtimes$	Photographs: Aerial (Name & Date): 1998 NAPP Infrared; 2016 NC One Map
	Or Other (Name & Date):
	Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter:
	Applicable/supporting case law:
	Applicable/supporting scientific literature:
	Other information (please specify):

#### B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD:



Project Area ~ 4.47 ac

Wetland Waters of the US  $\sim$  0.4 ac or 9%

Potential Uplands ~ 3.77 ac or 85%

-- Non-Wetland Waters of the US ~ 608 If

Existing Stormwater Pond (Non-Jurisdictional)  $\sim 0.3$  ac or 6%

Data Point Locations

L:\WETLANDS\2019 WETLANDS FILES\LMG19.379 ---Darlington Avenue, Phil Norris

Boundaries are approximate and not meant to be absolute. Map Source: 2016 NC One Map

New Hanover County, NC Darlington Avenue Tract

LMG19.379 **March 2020** 





Feet

200

100

20

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